# **Breast Case Example**

### **History:**

41 yr old female with an abnormal screening mammogram of lt breast

### **Physical examination:**

Bilateral breast and bilateral axilla negative

# Imaging:

1/3/18 Screening mammogram – abnormality UOQ It breast

1/5/18 US It breast – 2 focal hypoechoic areas, 2:00 and 10:00 (0.8cm)

#### **Procedure:**

1/5/18 US guided It breast bx

Well diff infiltrating ductal carcinoma, low histologic grade, lt breast bx at 10:00.
(1+1+1=3). ER and PR positive. HER2 by FISH is unamplified, 1.1. Atypical hyperplasia, lt breast.

1/15/18 Lt breast lumpectomy w/ sentinel node bx

• 0.9 cm infiltrating ductal carcinoma, Nottingham Grade I/III, 1+2+1=4, It breast lumpectomy. Moderate component of DCIS. Margins free. LVI negative. One sentinel node negative by IHC.

Clinical Staging	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
	Edition	Edition
cT		
cN		
cM		
Clinical Stage		
Group		

Pathological	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Staging	Edition	Edition
рТ		
pN		
pM		
Pathological		
Stage Group		

# **Bladder Case Example**

#### **History:**

75 yr old female presents with blood in her urine

### **Physical examination:**

Mild tenderness in abdomen

#### Imaging:

1/20/18 CT abd/pelvis – rt hydronephrosis

3/6/18 CT abd/pelvis – percutaneous nephrostomy catheter in place on the right side, solid abnormality involving the anterior aspect of the bladder base just to the left of midline, a second mural nodule involving the posterior and right lateral side of the bladder base

#### **Procedure:**

1/21/18 Transurethral resection bladder tumor – large tumor at the base of the bladder

 Pathology showed high grade urothelial carcinoma, grade 3 with slight smooth muscle invasion, bladder tumor. Fragments of urothelial carcinoma and fragments of fibrovascular tissue and smooth muscle with chronic inflammation and fibrosis at the deep margin

2/2/18 Radical Cystectomy with ileal conduit, bil pelvic node dissection

 Pathology showed poorly differentiated urothelial carcinoma, bladder, 3.2 cm in maximum dimension involving perivesical tissue. Margins are free. One right and one left pelvic nodes are free of metastatic tumor

Clinical Staging	7 <sup>th</sup> Edition	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition
сТ		
cN		
сМ		
Clinical Stage Group		

7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Edition	Edition
	'

# **Colon Case Example**

### **History:**

85 yr old female hx of hepatic flexure colon cancer

### **Physical examination:**

Abdomen soft, not distended, normal bowel sounds

#### **Procedure:**

1/28/18 Colonoscopy – mass in the splenic flexure approx. 2 cm, bx taken

• Tubular-villous adenoma w/ severe dysplasia/carcinoma in-situ, splenic flexure mass bx. Biopsy fragments are superficial, significant possibility of co-existing invasive carcinoma associated with this mass cannot be excluded.

2/2/18 Resection of colon – tumor in splenic flexure, no obvious enlarged nodes in mesentery. Liver normal.

 2.5 cm moderately differentiated mucin secreting adenocarcinoma arising from adenoma, distal transvers colon and splenic flexure. Invades superficial muscularis propria. Proximal, distal, and radial margins widely free. NO LVI present. 12 pericolonic nodes negative.

Clinical Staging	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
	Edition	Edition
cT		
cN		
cM		
Clinical Stage		
Group		
		1

Pathological	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Staging	Edition	Edition
"T		
pT		
pN		
рМ		
Dathological		
Pathological		
Stage Group		

# **Lung Case Example**

### **History:**

75 yr old female wheezing and coughing, smoker

### **Physical examination:**

Slight wheezing, no other findings

# Imaging:

1/14/18 CT chest – 2 cm mass in peripheral RUL lung

2/18/18 PET – uptake in RUL nodule, possible uptake gastrohepatic ligament and external iliac nodes

2/18/18 CT abd/pelvis – no evidence of masses or nodes in areas outside lung noted on PET

#### **Procedure:**

1/14/18 CT guided bx RUL lung mass

Pathology showed non-small cell lung carcinoma, RUL lung

2/18/18 Rt upper lobectomy, mediatinal lymphadenectomy – mass palpated in posterior segment of RUL, 1.5 cm and firm

Pathology showed 1.0 cm moderately differentiated adenocarcinoma, RUL lung.
Margins negative. No visceral plueral invasion. No LVI. 4 peribronchial nodes negative, node stations 7, 9, R4

Clinical Staging	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
	Edition	Edition
сТ		
cN		
сМ		
Clinical Stage		
Clinical Stage		
Group		

Pathological Staging	7 <sup>th</sup> Edition	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition
рТ		
pN		
Mq		
Pathological Stage Group		

# **Melanoma Case Example**

V	
	V

93 yr old male with a skin lesion on her left cheek on her face

### **Physical examination:**

Pigmented lesion on left cheek

#### **Procedure:**

1/21/18 Excision of pigmented skin lesion of left cheek

• Pathology showed melanoma in situ, left cheek

2/4/18 Wide excision skin of left cheek with reconstruction – larger than normal margins to avoid multiple seborrheic keratosis

• Pathology showed residual melanoma in situ, left cheek skin. Margins negative.

Clinical Staging	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
	Edition	Edition
cT		
cN		
cM		
Clinical Stage		
Group		
Стоир		

Pathological	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Staging	Edition	Edition
рТ		
pN		
pM		
Pathological Stage Group		